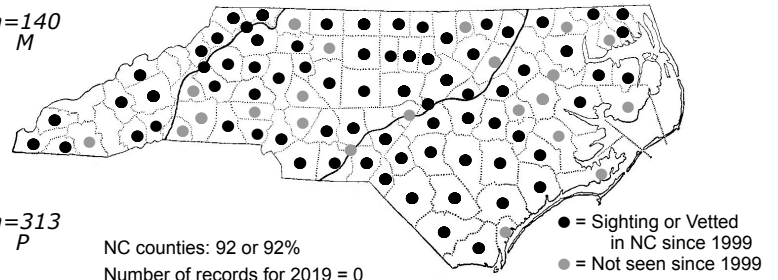
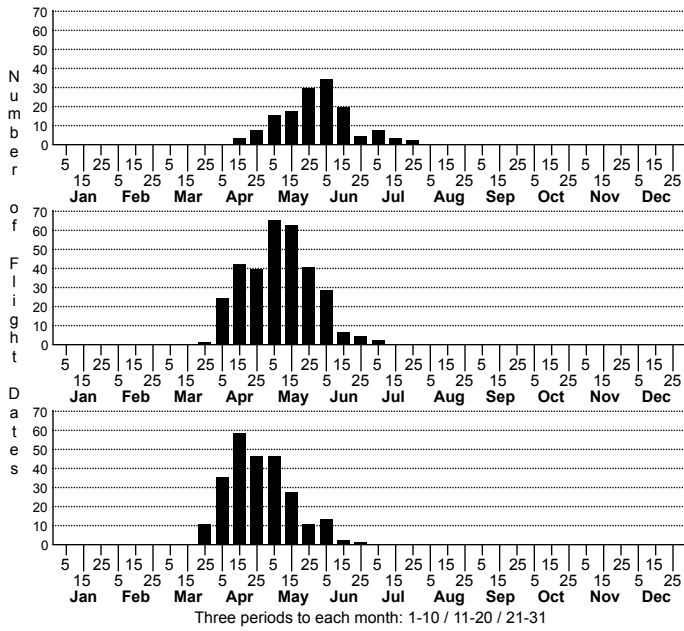


Phanogomphus exilis Lancet Clubtail



High counts of:
20 - Harnett; P - 2010-04-19
20 - Wake - 2010-05-30
20 - Durham - 2016-04-14

Earliest date: Onslow 2017-03-21
Latest date: Ashe 2007-07-29

Status		Rank	
NC	US	NC	Global
-	-	S5	G5

Synonym: *Gomphus exilis*

DISTRIBUTION: Unlike most of the other clubtails in NC, this species ranges throughout the state, occurring in essentially all counties, though there are no records for a handful of mountain and eastern Coastal Plain counties.

ABUNDANCE: Common and widespread. Generally the most common and often seen clubtail over most of the state, especially in the Coastal Plain. Presumably not common in the higher mountains.

FLIGHT: Mainly in the spring. Downstate, from the end of March to late June, peaking in April and early May. In the mountains, the dates are from mid-April to late July, with a peak in early June.

HABITAT: Breeds mainly at ponds and small lakes, but also at streams.

BEHAVIOR: Adults frequently perch on dirt roads, sunny trails, and other bare areas, often a long way from water. They also perch on low vegetation near water.

COMMENTS: Over most of the state, this and the similar Ashy Clubtail are the most frequently observed clubtails by the average person, as both frequently perch on dirt roads and are rather unwary. Differentiating between the two can be somewhat tricky, though the Lancet is slightly smaller, slimmer, and brighter-colored, among several other field marks.